AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

JUNE 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the President and the Other Members of the Board of Education of the Mayfield Central School District Mayfield, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mayfield Central School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mayfield Central School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in total other post-employment benefits liability and related ratios and schedules of local government's proportionate share of the net pension liability and contributions on pages 3 through 11 and pages 48 through 52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information on pages 53 through 55, as described in the table of contents and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 20, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

WEST & COMPANY CPAS PC

Gloversville, New York October 20, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The following is a discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This section is a summary of the School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions or conditions. It is also based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year with an emphasis on the current year. Additionally, a comparative analysis of government-wide data is also presented. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Government-wide net position (deficit) of the School District was \$(20,419,891).
- The Governmental funds fund balance was \$7,486,483.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: MD&A (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the School District:

- The first two statements are *District-wide* financial statements that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the School District's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the School District, reporting the School District's operations in *more detail* than the District-wide statements. The fund financial statements concentrate on the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds listed in total in one column.
- The *governmental funds statements* tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the *short-term* as well as what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the School District acts solely as a *trustee* or *agent* for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the School District's budget for the year.

Table A-1 summarizes the major features of the School District's financial statements, including the portion of the School District's activities that they cover and the types of information that they contain. The remainder of this overview section highlights the structure and contents of each statement.

Table A-1: Major Features of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Financial Statements		
	District-Wide	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds	
Scope	Entire District (except	The activities of the School	Instances in which the	
	fiduciary funds)	District that are not	School District administers	
		proprietary or fiduciary,	resources on behalf of	
		such as instruction and	someone else, such as	
		special education	scholarship programs and	
	~ ~ ~		student activities monies	
Required financial	• Statement of net	Balance sheet	• Statement of fiduciary net	
statements	position	• Statement of revenues,	position	
	• Statement of activities	expenditures, and changes in fund balances	• Statement of changes in fiduciary net position	
Accounting basis and	Accrual accounting and	Modified accrual accounting	Accrual accounting and	
measurement focus	economic resources	and current financial focus	economic resources focus	
	focus			
Type of asset/deferred	All assets, deferred	Generally, assets and	All assets, deferred outflows	
outflows of	outflows of resources,	deferred outflows of	of resources (if any),	
resources/liability/deferred	liabilities and deferred	resources expected to be	liabilities and deferred	
inflows of resources	inflows of resources,	used up and liabilities and	inflows of resources (if any),	
information	both financial and	deferred inflows of resources	both short-term and long-	
	capital, short-term and	that come due or available	term; funds do not currently	
	long-term	during the year or soon	contain capital assets,	
		thereafter; no capital assets	although they can	
		or long-term liabilities		
		included		
Type of inflow/outflow	All revenues and	Revenues for which cash is	All additions and deductions	
information	expenses during the	received during or soon after	during the year, regardless	
	year, regardless of when	the end of the year;	of when cash is received or	
	cash is received or paid	expenditures when goods or	paid	
		services have been received		
		and the related liability is		
		due and payable		

District-Wide Statements

The District-wide statements report information about the School District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-wide statements report the School District's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position – the difference between the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources – is one way to measure the School District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- For assessment of the overall health of the School District, additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the property tax bases and the condition of buildings and other facilities should be considered.

Net position of the governmental activities differs from the governmental fund balance because governmental fund level statements only report transactions using or providing current financial resources. Also, capital assets are reported as expenditures when financial resources (dollars) are expended to purchase or build such assets. Likewise, the financial resources that may have been borrowed are considered revenue when they are received. Principal and interest payments are considered expenditures when paid. Depreciation is not calculated. Capital assets and long-term debt are accounted for in account groups and do not affect the fund balance.

District-wide statements use an economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting that involves the following steps to prepare the statement of net position.

- Capitalize current outlays for capital assets.
- Report long-term debt as a liability.
- Calculate revenue and expenditures using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting.
- Allocate net position balances as follows:
 - Net position invested in capital assets, net of debt.
 - Restricted net positions are those with constraints placed on use by external sources or imposed by law.
 - Unrestricted net positions are net positions that do not meet any of the above restrictions.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the School District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the School District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and to manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as federal grants).

The District has two kinds of funds:

• Governmental Funds: Most of the School District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs.

Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them. The governmental fund statements focus primarily on current financial resources and often have a budgetary orientation. Governmental funds include the general fund, special aid fund, school lunch fund and the capital project fund. Required financial statements are the balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance.

• Fiduciary Funds: The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the scholarship fund and the student activities funds. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The School District excludes these activities from the District-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Table A- 2: Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Fiscal Year 2020	Fiscal Year 2019	Percentage Change (Incr.;-Decr.)
Assets Current and other assets	\$ 9,501,657	\$ 8,780,418	8.2%
Capital assets - net	36,511,940	36,722,403	-0.6%
Total Assets	46,013,597	45,502,821	1.1%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	19,223,165	9,010,055	113.4%
Liabilities			
Current liabilities	524,683	312,038	68.1%
Long-term liabilities	82,628,037	68,318,087	20.9%
Total Liabilities	83,152,720	68,630,125	21.2%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,503,933	2,491,871	0.5%
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	23,101,940	22,152,403	4.3%
Restricted	5,360,944	3,960,014	35.4%
Unrestricted	(48,882,775)	(42,721,537)	-14.4%
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (20,419,891)	\$ (16,609,120)	-22.9%

By far, the largest component of the School District's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Changes in Net Position

The School District's 2020 revenues were \$21,086,047 (see Table A-3). Property taxes and New York State aid accounted for the majority of revenues by contributing 32.6% and 52.6%, respectively, of the total revenues raised (see Table A-4). The remainder of revenues came from fees for services, use of money and property, operating grants and other miscellaneous sources.

The total cost of all programs and services totaled \$24,896,818 for 2020. These expenses are predominantly for the education, supervision and transportation of students (see Table A-5).

Net position decreased during the year by \$3,810,771.

Table A-3: Changes in Net Position from Operating Results

	Fiscal Year 2020	Fiscal Year 2019	Percentage Change (Incr.;-Decr.)
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 141,525	\$ 216,593	-34.7%
Operating grants and contributions	1,280,570	1,088,320	17.7%
General Revenues			
Property taxes	7,939,926	7,732,870	2.7%
State formula aid	11,073,076	9,697,320	14.2%
Federal sources	90,754	121,275	-25.2%
Use of money and property	125,064	97,999	27.6%
Insurance recoveries	82	15,093	-99.5%
Miscellaneous	435,050	2,973,484	-85.4%
Total Revenues	21,086,047	21,942,954	-3.9%
Expenses			
General support	4,195,021	3,454,147	21.4%
Instruction	17,793,022	14,132,808	25.9%
Transportation	1,625,633	1,487,948	9.3%
Debt service	843,773	479,269	76.1%
Cost of sales – Lunch Program	439,369	440,323	-0.2%
Total Expenses	24,896,818	19,994,495	24.5%
Total Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ (3,810,771)	\$ 1,948,459	-295.6%

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Table A-4
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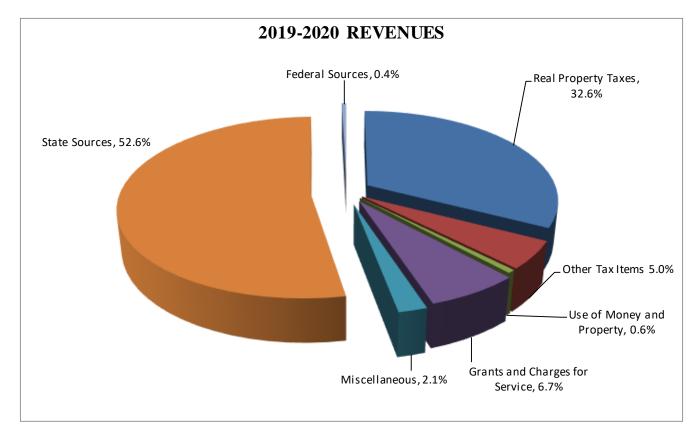
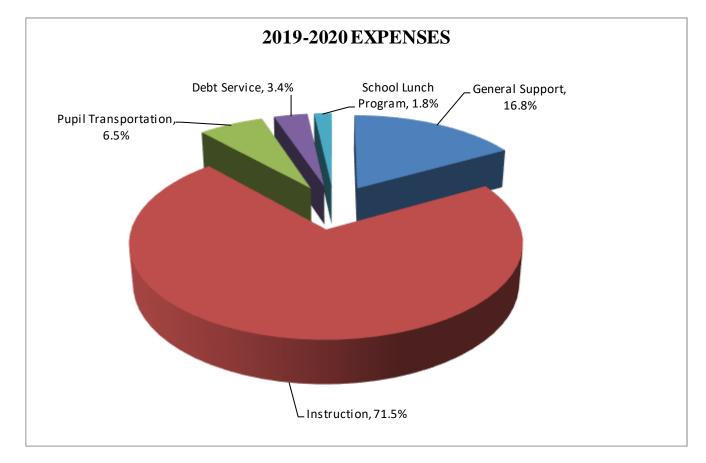


Table A-5



Governmental Activities

Revenues for the School District's governmental activities totaled \$21,086,047 while total expenses were \$24,896,818. Accordingly, net position decreased by \$3,810,771. The continuation of the School District's solid financial condition can be attributed to:

- Effective leadership by the Board of Education.
- Community support for the School District's annual budget.
- Continued state and federal aid.
- Strategic use of services from BOCES.

Table A-6 presents the cost of several of the School District's major activities. The figure also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activity and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the School District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table A-6

Net Cost of Governmental Activities

			Percentage			Percentage
	Total Cost	of Services	Services Change Net Cost		of Services	Change
	2020	2019	(Incr.; -Decr.)	2020	2019	(Incr.; -Decr.)
General support	\$ 4,195,021	\$ 3,454,147	21.4%	\$ 4,195,021	\$ 3,454,147	21.4%
Instruction	17,793,022	14,132,808	25.9%	16,632,890	13,208,414	25.9%
Pupil transportation	1,625,633	1,487,948	9.3%	1,625,633	1,487,948	9.3%
Debt service - interest	843,773	479,269	76.1%	843,773	479,269	76.1%
Cost of sales - lunch program	439,369	440,323	-0.2%	177,406	59,804	196.6%
Totals	\$24,896,818	\$ 19,994,495		\$23,474,723	\$18,689,582	

Employee benefits and depreciation have been allocated amongst the programs.

- The cost of all governmental activities for the year was \$24,896,818.
- The users of the School District's programs financed \$141,525 of the costs.
- The federal and state government financed \$1,280,570 of the costs.
- The majority of costs were financed by the School District's taxpayers and unallocated New York State aid.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Variances between years for the governmental fund financial statements are not the same as variances between years for the District-wide financial statements. The School District's governmental funds are presented on the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Under this method of presentation, governmental funds do not include long-term liabilities for the funds' projects and capital assets purchased by the funds. Governmental funds will include proceeds from the issuance of debt, the current payments for capital assets and the current payments for debt.

The focus of the School District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School District's financial requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the School District. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of this fund was \$6,846,096, of which \$983,297 (or 4.8% of the ensuing year's budget) was unassigned.

New York State Law limits the amount of unassigned fund balance that can be retained to 4% of the ensuing year's budget, exclusive of the amount designated for the subsequent year's budget. The District was not within the limit for the year ended June 30, 2020.

The General Fund is the only fund for which a budget is legally adopted.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

As of June 30, 2020, the School District had \$36,511,940 invested in a broad range of capital assets including land, buildings, buses, athletic facilities, computers and other educational equipment, net of accumulated depreciation.

Table A-7

Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities and Total School District			Percentage Change	
	2020			2019	(Incr.; -Decr.)
Land and land improvements Construction in progress Buildings and equipment	\$	2,064,541 2,029,587 32,417,812	\$	2,064,541 15,304,662 19,353,200	0% -86.7% 67.5%
Totals	\$	36,511,940	\$	36,722,403	-0.6%

During 2020, the School District decreased its general obligation bonds by \$1,160,000. The other debt category is comprised of other post-employment benefits and compensated absences. More detailed information about the School District's long-term debt is included in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Table A-8

Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	Total Sch	ool Di	strict	Percentage Change
	 2020		2019	(Incr.; -Decr.)
General obligation bonds (financed with property taxes) All other debt	\$ 13,410,000 67,163,347	\$	14,570,000 52,653,049	-8.0% 27.6%
Totals	\$ 80,573,347	\$	67,223,049	19.9%

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

Factors bearing in the District:

- State Aid represents approximately 53% of the revenue budget, any elimination or delay of aid will have an adverse impact on the education programs at the Mayfield Central School District. This impact would range potentially from program disruption and/or modification to elimination.
- The District finished work on the SED approved \$15.5 million dollar reconstruction project. The District is conducting a visual inspection in 2020 and a building condition survey in 2021, which will provide the framework for the next reconstruction project with a vote in Spring or Winter 2021.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the School District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to demonstrate the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact:

Mr. Christopher Harper, Superintendent Mayfield Central School District 27 School Street Mayfield, New York 12117 Phone: 518-661-8207

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS	
Cash	
Unrestricted	\$ 1,103,736
Restricted	5,242,780
Receivables	1 156 002
State and Federal aid	1,156,803
Due from fiduciary funds Due from other governments	3,663 943,913
Other	164,481
Inventories	26,267
Net pension asset - proportionate share	860,014
Capital assets, net of depreciation	36,511,940
Total Assets	46,013,597
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Other post-employment benefits	15,366,486
Pensions	3,856,679
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	19,223,165
LIABILITIES	
Payables	
Accounts payable	432,155
Accrued liabilities	92,433
Due to other governments	95
Long-term liabilities	
Due and payable within one year	
Due to Teachers' Retirement System	551,244
Due to Employees' Retirement System	73,040
Unexpended grant revenue	6,193
Bonds payable	1,040,000
Due and payable after one year	12 270 000
Bonds payable Other post-employment benefits	12,370,000 66,958,739
Net pension liability - proportionate share	1,424,213
Compensated absences payable	204,608
Total Liabilities	83,152,720
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Other post-employment benefits	1,260,802
Pensions	1,243,131
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,503,933
NET POSITION	22 101 040
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	23,101,940
Unemployment insurance reserve	108,159
Reserve for debt service	1,199
Workers' compensation reserve	153,986
Capital reserve	2,297,361
Repair reserve	269,336
Retirement contribution reserve - ERS	1,765,010
Retirement contribution reserve - TRS	118,164
Employee benefit accrued liability reserve	574,094
Insurance reserve	73,635
Unrestricted	(48,882,775)
Total Net Position	\$ (20,419,891)

See notes to basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Expenses	Program Charges for Services	Revenues Operating Grants	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS General support Instruction Pupil transportation Debt service School lunch program	\$ 4,195,021 17,793,022 1,625,633 843,773 439,369	\$ 0 (61,889) 0 0 (79,636)	\$ 0 (1,098,243) 0 0 (182,327)	\$ (4,195,021) (16,632,890) (1,625,633) (843,773) (177,406)
Total Functions and Programs	\$ 24,896,818	\$ (141,525)	\$(1,280,570)	(23,474,723)
GENERAL REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Use of money and property Insurance recoveries Miscellaneous State sources Federal sources				$\begin{array}{r} 6,871,714\\ 1,068,212\\ 125,064\\ 82\\ 435,050\\ 11,073,076\\ 90,754\end{array}$
Total General Revenues				19,663,952
CHANGE IN NET POSITION				(3,810,771)
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING C	DF YEAR			(16,609,120)
TOTAL NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	Ł			\$ (20,419,891)

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2020

	General	Special Aid	School Lunch	Debt Service	Capital	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS	 				•	-	
Cash							
Unrestricted	\$ 828,289	\$ 34,869	\$ 164,376	\$ 0	\$ 76,202	\$	1,103,736
Restricted	5,241,581	0	0	1,199	0		5,242,780
Due from other funds	2,132,184	1,166,376	237,695	0	427,680		3,963,935
Due from fiduciary funds	3,663	0	0	0	0		3,663
State and Federal aid	475,174	637,280	749	0	43,600		1,156,803
Due from other governments	943,913	0	0	0	0		943,913
Other receivables	164,481	0	0	0	0		164,481
Inventories	0	0	26,267	0	0		26,267
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 9,789,285	\$ 1,838,525	\$ 429,087	\$ 1,199	\$ 547,482	\$	12,605,578
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$ 394,721	\$ 16	\$ 229	\$ 0	\$ 37,189	\$	432,155
Accrued liabilities	92,433	0	0	0	0		92,433
Due to other funds	1,831,751	1,832,316	299,868	0	0		3,963,935
Due to other governments	0	0	95	0	0		95
Due to Employees' Retirement System	73,040	0	0	0	0		73,040
Due to Teachers' Retirement System	551,244	0	0	0	0		551,244
Unearned	0	6,193	0	0	0		6,193
Total Liabilities	2,943,189	1,838,525	300,192	0	37,189		5,119,095
FUND BALANCE							
Nonspendable							
Inventory	0	0	26,267	0	0		26,267
Restricted			-,				-,
Unemployment insurance reserve	108,159	0	0	0	0		108,159
Reserve for debt service	0	Õ	Õ	1,199	Õ		1,199
Workers' compensation reserve	153,986	0	0	0	0		153,986
Capital reserve	2,297,361	0	0	0	0		2,297,361
Repair reserve	269,336	0	0	0	0		269,336
Retirement contribution reserve - ERS	1,765,010	0	0	0	0		1,765,010
Retirement contribution reserve - TRS	118,164	0	0	0	0		118,164
Employee benefit accrued liability reserve	574,094	0	0	0	0		574,094
Insurance reserve	73,635	0	0	0	0		73,635
Assigned	503,054	0	102,628	0	510,293		1,115,975
Unassigned	983,297	0	0	0	0		983,297
Total Fund Balance	6,846,096	 0	128,895	1,199	510,293		7,486,483
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 9,789,285	\$ 1,838,525	\$ 429,087	\$ 1,199	\$ 547,482	\$	12,605,578

See notes to basic financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Total fund balance - governmental funds balance sheet (page 14)	\$ 7,486,483
Add: Land, building and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation Pensions	 36,511,940 2,049,349
Total	 38,561,289
Deduct:	
Compensated absences	204,608
Other post-employment benefits	52,853,055
Bonds payable	 13,410,000
Total	 66,467,663
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (20,419,891)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General	Special Aid		School Lunch	 Debt Service		Capital	G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES									
Real property taxes	\$ 6,871,714	+) \$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	6,871,714
Other tax items	1,068,212)	0	0		0		1,068,212
Charges for services	61,889)	0	0		0		61,889
Use of money and property	124,666)	26	372		0		125,064
Insurance recoveries	82)	0	0		0		82
Miscellaneous	432,612	90		1,531	0		0		435,050
State sources	11,026,526	235,912		6,357	0		46,550		11,315,345
Federal sources	90,754	862,33	l	152,222	0		0		1,105,307
Surplus food	0)	23,748	0		0		23,748
Sales - school lunch	 0)	79,636	 0		0		79,636
Total Revenues	19,676,455	1,099,15)	263,520	 372		46,550		21,086,047
EXPENDITURES									
General support	2,172,103)	0	0		0		2,172,103
Instruction	8,161,331	1,051,56)	0	0		0		9,212,891
Pupil transportation	803,292	38,43)	0	0		0		841,722
Employee benefits	5,389,614	36,06	5	73,505	0		0		5,499,185
Principal	1,160,000)	0	0		0		1,160,000
Interest	843,773)	0	0		0		843,773
Cost of sales	0)	237,636	0		0		237,636
Capital outlay	 0)	0	 0		770,649		770,649
Total Expenditures	 18,530,113	1,126,05	<u>5</u>	311,141	 0		770,649		20,737,959
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES	1,146,342	(26,90	5)	(47,621)	372		(724,099)		348,088
Operating transfers in	0	26,90	5	0	0		0		26,906
Operating transfers (out)	 (26,906))	0	 0		0		(26,906)
Total Other Sources (Uses)	(26,906)	26,90	5	0	 0		0		0
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND USES	1,119,436	()	(47,621)	372		(724,099)		348,088
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	5,726,660)	176,516	827		1,234,392		7,138,395
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 6,846,096	\$) \$,	\$ 1,199	\$	510,293	\$	7,486,483
	 				 <i>,</i>	_	,	_	, ,

See notes to basic financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

REVENUES - STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES		\$	21,086,047
EXPENDITURES	\$ 20,737,959		
Add:			
Depreciation	1,197,641		
Increase in other post-employment benefits	4,241,465		
	5,439,106		
Deduct:			
Decrease in compensated absences	55,465		
Change in fixed assets	987,178		
Pensions	(922,396)		
Principal payments of long-term debt	1,160,000		
	1,280,247		
EXPENDITURES - STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES			24,896,818
CILANCE IN NET DOSITION		¢	(2, 010, 771)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		\$	(3,810,771)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2020

	Private Purpose Trust			Agency			
ASSETS Cash	\$	44,228	\$	113,272			
Total Assets	\$	44,228	\$	113,272			
LIABILITIES							
Extraclassroom activity balances	\$	0	\$	46,003			
Due to governmental funds		2,700		3,663			
Other liabilities		0		63,606			
Total Liabilities		2,700	\$	113,272			
NET POSITION							
Reserved for scholarships	\$	41,528					

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

ADDITIONS Investment earnings Gifts and contributions	\$ 9 250
Total Additions	259
DEDUCTIONS Scholarships and awards	 3,250
Total Deductions	 3,250
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(2,991)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 44,519
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 41,528

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Mayfield Central School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below:

A) <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Mayfield Central School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls, all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying basic financial statements present the activities of the District and other organizational entities determined to be includable in the District's financial reporting entity. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief description of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

i) Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds can be found included with these financial statements. The District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student organizations in an agency fund.

B) Joint Venture

The District is a component district in Hamilton, Fulton and Montgomery Counties Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services and programs that provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)</u>

B) Joint Venture – (Continued)

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$2,731,898 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

Participating school districts issue debt on behalf of BOCES. During the year, the District issued \$-0- of serial bonds on behalf of BOCES. As of year-end, the District had outstanding BOCES debt of \$-0-.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$943,913.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

C) Basis of Presentation

1) District-Wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary.

Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the District at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>NOTE 1</u> – <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> – <u>(CONTINUED)</u>

C) <u>Basis of Presentation</u> – (Continued)

2) <u>Funds Statements</u>

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds: These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes, child nutrition or other activities whose funds are restricted as to use. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

<u>**Capital Projects Fund**</u> – These funds are used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction or major repair of capital facilities.

Debt Service Fund: This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities.

The District reports the following fiduciary funds:

Fiduciary Fund: Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

- i) <u>Private Purpose Trust Funds</u>: These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit annual third-party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.
- ii) <u>Agency Funds</u>: These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

D) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)</u>

D) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting – (Continued)

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, state aid, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from state aid is recognized in the fiscal year it is appropriated by the state. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E) **Property Taxes**

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1 and become a lien on September 1. Taxes are collected during the period September 1 to November 1.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County of Fulton in which the District is located. The County pays an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

F) <u>Restricted Resources</u>

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

G) Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)</u>

G) Interfund Transactions – (Continued)

In the District-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 7 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

H) Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

I) Cash (and Cash Equivalents)/Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDICinsured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

Investments are stated at fair value.

J) <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>NOTE 1</u> – <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> – <u>(CONTINUED)</u>

K) Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

A reserve for these nonliquid assets (inventories and prepaid) has been recognized to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

L) Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost or estimated historical costs, based on appraisals conducted by independent third-party professionals. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

Land and construction in process are not depreciated. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements are as follows:

	-	talization <u>reshold</u>	Depreciation <u>Method</u>	Estimated <u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings	\$	5,000	Straight-line	20 - 50
Building improvements		5,000	Straight-line	20 - 50
Site improvements		5,000	Straight-line	20 - 50
Furniture and equipment		5,000	Straight-line	5 - 15

The School District is required to conduct a condition assessment of these assets at least once every three years.

M) Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions reported in the District-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS Systems) and OPEB subsequent to the measurement date. The third item relates to OPEB reporting in the District-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the actual and expected expense.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)</u>

M) Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources - (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions reported in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability (ERS System) and net pension asset (TRS System) and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The second item is related to OPEB reporting in the District-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net changes of assumptions or other inputs.

<u>Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2020, the District reported the following asset (liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset (liability) was measured as of March 31, 2020 for ERS and June 30, 2019 for TRS. The total pension asset (liability) used to calculate the net pension asset (liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset (liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS and TRS Systems in reports provided to the District.

	ERS	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019
District's proportionate share of the		
net pension asset (liability)	\$(1,424,213)	\$ 860,014
District's portion of the Plan's total		
net pension asset (liability)	0.0053783%	0.033103%
Change in proportion since the prior		
measurement date	(0.0001861)%	(0.001693)%
Change in proportion since the prior		

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$256,552 for ERS and \$513,553 for TRS. At June 30, 2020, the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources were:

MAYFIELD CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)</u>

M) Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources - (Continued)

<u>Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – (Continued)</u>

	Deferred Outflows of Resources					20101100	d Inflows sources	
		ERS	TRS		ERS			TRS
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	83,821	\$	582,809	\$	0	\$	63,952
Changes of assumptions		28,677		1,624,681		24,762		396,143
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		730,121		0		0		689,687
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		70,158		149,819		17,858		50,729
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		73,040		513,553		0		0
Total	\$	985,817	\$	2,870,862	\$	42,620	\$	1,200,511

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred (inflows) of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		ERS		 TRS
Year ended:				
	2021	\$	156,229	\$ 35,065
	2022		220,948	398,049
	2023		273,804	280,552
	2024		219,176	52,591
	2025		0	(8,918)
The	reafter		0	0

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)</u>

M) Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – (Continued)

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations were as follows:

	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2019	June 30, 2018
Interest rate	6.8%	7.10%
Salary scale	4.2%	1.90% - 4.72%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2010 -	July 1, 2009 -
	March 31, 2015	June 30, 2014
	Systems experience	Systems experience
Inflation rate	2.5%	2.20%
Cost of living adjustments	1.3%	1.3%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 through March 31, 2015 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2014. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2014 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2018.

For ERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 through March 31, 2015. For TRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2014.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by each target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (CONTINUED)

M) Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources – (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – (Continued)

Measurement date	ERS March 31, 2020	<u>TRS</u> June 30, 2019
Asset type		
Domestic equity	4.05%	6.3%
International equity	6.15	7.8
Global equities	0	7.2
Real estate	4.95	4.6
Domestic fixed income securities	0	1.3
Global fixed income securities	0	0.9
High-yield fixed income securities	0	3.6
Mortgages	0	2.9
Private debt	0	6.5
Short-term	0	0
Private equity/alternative investments	6.75	9.9
Absolute return strategies	3.25	0
Opportunistic portfolio	4.65	0
Bonds and mortgages	0.75	0
Cash	0.00	0.3
Inflation index bonds	0.50	0
Real assets	5.95	0

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 6.8% for ERS and 7.10% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) calculated using the discount rate of 6.8% for ERS and 7.10% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.8% for ERS and 6.10% for TRS) or 1 percentage point higher (7.8% for ERS and 8.10% for TRS) than the current rate:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (CONTINUED)

M) Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources - (Continued)

<u>Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption</u> – (Continued)

ERS	1% Decrease (5.8%)	Current Assumption (6.8%)	1% Increase (7.8%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (2,613,834)	\$ (1,424,213)	\$ (328,568)
TRS District's proportionate	1% Decrease (6.10%)	Current Assumption (7.10%)	1% Increase (8.10%)
share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (3,882,011)	\$ 860,014	\$ 4,838,037

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension asset (liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates were as follows:

	(Dollars in thousands)		
	ERS	<u>TRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
	March 31,	June 30,	
Measurement date	2020	2019	
Employers' total pension asset (liability)	\$(194,596,261)	\$(119,879,474)	\$(314,475,735)
Plan fiduciary net position asset (liability)	168,115,682	122,477,481	290,593,163
Employers' net pension asset (liability)	(26,480,579)	2,598,007	(23,882,572)
Ratio of plan fiduciary net position to the employers' total pension asset (liability)	86.39%	102.2%	92.4%

Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020, represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2020 through June 30, 2020, based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020, amounted to \$73,040.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>NOTE 1</u> – <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> – <u>(CONTINUED)</u>

M) Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources – (Continued)

Payables to the Pension Plan – (Continued)

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, are paid to the System in September, October and November 2020, through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020, represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020, amount to \$551,244.

Additional pension information can be found in Note 8.

N) Unearned Revenue

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

O) Vested Employee Benefits

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation and sabbatical time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

In the funds statements, only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you go basis.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)</u>

P) Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits to retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement.

Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

Q) Short-Term Debt

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes (RANs) and Tax Anticipation Notes (TANs), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RANs and TANs represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BANs), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

The District may issue deficiency notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of that same year's annual budget in any fund or funds arising from revenues being less than the amount estimated in the budget for that fiscal year. The deficiency notes may mature no later than the close of the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which they were issued. However, they may mature no later than the close of the second fiscal year after the fiscal year in which they were issued, if the notes were authorized and issued after the adoption of the budget for the fiscal year following the year in which they were issued.

The District had no short-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)</u>

R) Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the District-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other post-employment benefits payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

S) Equity Classifications

District-Wide Statements

In the District-wide statements, there are three classes of net position:

i) Net Investment in Capital Assets

Consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.

ii) Restricted Net Position

Reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

iii) Unrestricted Net Position

Reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications and is deemed to be available for general use by the District.

Funds Statements

In the fund basis statements, there are five classifications of fund balance:

1. Nonspendable

Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes the inventory recorded in the School Lunch Fund of \$26,267.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)</u>

S) <u>Equity Classifications</u> – <u>(Continued)</u>

Funds Statements - (Continued)

2. <u>Restricted</u>

Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance.

The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

Currently Utilized by the District:

Debt Service

According to General Municipal Law §6-1, the Mandatory Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of sale. The funding of the reserve is from the proceeds of the sale of District property or capital improvement. This reserve is accounted for in the Debt Service Fund under Restricted Fund Balance.

Retirement Contributions

According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used for financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. Under the new amendments to General Municipal Law§6-r, the Board of Education, by resolution, can establish a sub-fund within its retirement contribution reserve fund to finance retirement contributions to the New York State Teacher Retirement System. In addition, the amount of monies contributed annually to the sub-fund cannot exceed 2%, nor can the balance of the sub-fund exceed 10% of the compensation or salaries of the TRS members during the immediate preceding fiscal year. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under Restricted Fund Balance.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability

According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefit due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under Restricted Fund Balance.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)

S) <u>Equity Classifications</u> – <u>(Continued)</u>

Funds Statements - (Continued)

2. <u>Restricted</u> – (Continued)

Currently Utilized by the District: - (Continued)

Workers' Compensation

According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under Restricted Fund Balance.

Insurance

According to General Municipal Law §6-n, must be used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action and funded by budgetary appropriations, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve; however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under Restricted Fund Balance.

<u>Capital</u>

According to Education Law§3651, must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve, the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditure may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the votes. The form of the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under Restricted Fund Balance.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)

S) <u>Equity Classifications</u> – <u>(Continued)</u>

Funds Statements - (Continued)

2. <u>Restricted</u> – (Continued)

Currently Utilized by the District: - (Continued)

Unemployment Insurance

According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under Restricted Fund Balance.

Repair Reserve

According to General Municipal Law §6-d, must be used to pay the cost of repairs to capital improvements or equipment, which repairs are of a type not recurring annually. The Board of Education, without voter approval, may establish a repair reserve fund by a majority vote of its members. Voter approval is required to fund this reserve (Opinion of the New York State Comptroller 81-401). Expenditures from this reserve may be made only after a public hearing has been held, except in emergency situations. If no hearing is held, the amount expended must be repaid to the reserve fund over the next two subsequent fiscal years. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under Restricted Fund Balance.

3. Committed

Includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the School Districts highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The School District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2020.

4. Assigned

Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The purpose of the constraint must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund, and in funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance. Assigned fund balance also includes an amount appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget, as well as encumbrances not classified as restricted at the end of the fiscal year.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>NOTE 1</u> – <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> – <u>(CONTINUED)</u>

S) <u>Equity Classifications</u> – <u>(Continued)</u>

Funds Statements - (Continued)

5. Unassigned

Includes all other General Fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

NYS Real Property Tax Law §1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the School District's budget for the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded for the 4% limitation.

Order of Use of Fund Balance

The District's policy is to annually determine the appropriate use of fund balance upon recommendation of the Superintendent and Board of Education.

T) New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2020, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

GASB has issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, portions of the Statement are effective for the year ending June 30, 2020. The statement aims to improve the consistency of various authoritative accounting literature including items such as changing the effective date of Statement No. 87, *Leases*, and updating terminology.

GASB has issued Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*, effective for the year ending June 30, 2020. This statement postponed the effective dates of various GASB Statements as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

GASB has issued Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32*, effective dates vary by the particular paragraph of the Statement. The first items become effective for the year ending June 30, 2020. This statement aims to provide more consistent financial reporting for defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>NOTE 1</u> – <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> – <u>(CONTINUED)</u>

U) Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, effective for the year ending June 30, 2021. This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities.

GASB has issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*, effective for the year ending June 30, 2022. This statement requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases previously classified as operating leases along with recognition of inflows and outflows of resources, as appropriate.

GASB has issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*, effective for the year ending June 30, 2022. This statement requires that interest cost incurred during construction be expensed in that period rather than being included in the cost of the capital asset.

GASB has issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, effective for the year ending June 30, 2021. This statement requires the reporting of majority equity interests which meet the definition of an investment at fair value and requires the reporting of majority equity interests which do not meet the definition of an investment as a component unit.

GASB has issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, effective for the year ending June 30, 2023. This statement provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers.

GASB has issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, portions of the Statement are effective for the year ending June 30, 2021. The statement aims to improve the consistency of various authoritative accounting literature including items such as reporting of intra-entity transfers of assets between a primary government employer and a component unit defined benefit pension plan or defined benefit OPEB plan, the applicability of certain requirements of Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, to postemployment benefit arrangements, and measurement of liabilities related to asset retirement obligations (AROs) in a government acquisition.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*, effective for the year ending June 30, 2021. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an Interbank Offered Rates (IBOR).

GASB has issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, effective for the year ending June 30, 2023. This statement improves the financial reporting related to Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships to provide services.

GASB has issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, effective for the year ending June 30, 2023. This statement requires the recognition of a right-to-use subscription asset – an intangible asset – and a corresponding subscription liability for subscription-based information technology arrangements for government end users.

The School District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>NOTE 2</u> – <u>EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND</u> <u>STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS</u>

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the funds statements and the District-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the District-wide statements compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

A) Total Fund Balance of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differs from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheets, as applied to the reporting of capital assets and long-term liabilities, including pensions.

B) Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances vs. Statement of Activities

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Statement of Activities fall into one of five broad categories, described as follows:

i) Long-Term Revenue Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available," whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

ii) Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

iii) Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

iv) Pension Differences

Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset (liability) and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

v) **OPEB Differences**

OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and differences between the District's contributions and OPEB expense.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the following governmental funds for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. Supplemental appropriations occurred during the year. See supplementary information on page 53.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as restrictions or assignments of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

Excess Fund Balance - Real Property Tax Law Limit

The portion of the District's fund balance subject to the New York State Real Property Tax Law §1318 limit exceeded the amount allowable, which is 4% of the District's budget for the upcoming school year.

<u>NOTE 4</u> – <u>CASH (AND CASH EQUIVALENTS) – CUSTODIAL CREDIT, CONCENTRATION OF</u> <u>CREDIT, INTEREST RATE AND FOREIGN CURRENCY RISKS</u>

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. While the District does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the District's investment policies, as discussed previously in these notes.

As of June 30, 2020, all District bank balances were collateralized with a third-party bank with the collateral held in the District's name.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>NOTE 4</u> – <u>CASH (AND CASH EQUIVALENTS) – CUSTODIAL CREDIT, CONCENTRATION OF</u> <u>CREDIT, INTEREST RATE AND FOREIGN CURRENCY RISKS</u> – <u>(CONTINUED)</u>

The District's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements) included balances not covered by depository insurance at year end, collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized	\$	0
Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or its trust department or		
agent, but not in the District's name	6,8	382,975

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$5,242,780 within governmental funds and \$157,500 in the fiduciary funds.

The District does not typically purchase investments for a long enough duration to cause it to believe that it is exposed to any material interest rate risk.

The District does not typically purchase investments denominated in foreign currency and is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements/ Reclassifications	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets that are not depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,064,541	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 2,064,541
Construction in process	15,304,662	770,649	14,045,724	2,029,587
Total nondepreciable historical cost	17,369,203	770,649	14,045,724	4,094,128
Capital assets that are depreciated:				
Buildings	33,647,362	13,723,018	0	47,370,380
Furniture and equipment	2,300,183	552,732	203,690	2,649,225
Total depreciable historical cost	35,947,545	14,275,750	203,690	50,019,605
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	15,241,031	938,801	0	16,179,832
Furniture and equipment	1,353,314	258,840	190,193	1,421,961
Total accumulated depreciation	16,594,345	1,197,641	190,193	17,601,793
Net depreciable historical cost	19,353,200	13,078,109	13,497	32,417,812
Total historical cost, net	\$ 36,722,403	\$ 13,848,758	\$ 14,059,221	\$ 36,511,940
Depreciation was allocated to the following progra	ams as follows:			
General support		\$ 207,484		
Instruction		880,033		
Pupil transportation		80,403		
School lunch program		29,721		
Total		\$ 1,197,641		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT

Interest on long-term debt for the year was \$843,773.

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Beginning Balance	Issued	Redeemed	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:	¢ 14 570 000	¢ 0	¢ 1 160 000	¢ 12 410 000	¢ 1.040.000
Bonds and notes payable	\$ 14,570,000	\$ 0	\$ 1,160,000	\$ 13,410,000	\$ 1,040,000
Other liabilities:	52 202 054		0		0
Other post-employment benefits	52,392,976	14,565,763	0	66,958,739	0
Compensated absences, net	260,073	0	55,465	204,608	0
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 67,223,049	\$ 14,565,763	\$ 1,215,465	\$ 80,573,347	\$ 1,040,000

The following is a summary of the maturity of long-term indebtedness:

Description of Issue	Date	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Outstanding at June 30, 2020
Construction	2011	2025	3.550%	\$ 1,095,000
Serial bond	2019	2034	3.00-5.00%	12,120,000
Serial bond	2012	2023	1.934%	195,000
Totals				\$ 13,410,000

The following is a summary of maturing debt service requirements:

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
Fiscal year ended June 30,			
2021	\$ 1,040,000	\$ 614,794	\$ 1,654,794
2022	1,095,000	566,394	1,661,394
2023	1,060,000	515,263	1,575,263
2024	1,035,000	465,850	1,500,850
2025	950,000	416,600	1,366,600
2026 - 2030	4,775,000	1,397,750	6,172,750
2031 - 2034	3,455,000	324,400	3,779,400
Totals	\$13,410,000	\$ 4,301,051	\$17,711,051

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITY

	Interfund		Interfun		fund		
	ŀ	Receivable	Payable	R	evenues	Exp	enditures
General Fund Special Aid Fund School Lunch Fund Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund	\$	2,135,847 1,166,376 237,695 0 427,680	\$ 1,831,751 1,832,316 299,868 0 0	\$	0 26,906 0 0 0	\$	26,906 0 0 0 0
Total Governmental Activities		3,967,598	3,963,935		26,906		26,906
Fiduciary Agency Fund		0	 3,663		0		0
TOTALS	\$	3,967,598	\$ 3,967,598	\$	26,906	\$	26,906

Interfund receivables and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary funds, are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position.

The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues.

All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS

General Information

The District participates in the New York State Employees' Retirement System (NYSERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (NYSTRS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death and disability.

Plan Descriptions and Benefits Provided:

Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as, death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. The System is governed by a 10 member Board of Trustees. System benefits are established under New York State Law. Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The System issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395 or by referring to the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report, which can be found on the System's website at <u>www.nystrs.org</u>.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>NOTE 8</u> – <u>PENSION PLANS</u> – <u>(CONTINUED)</u>

Plan Descriptions and Benefits Provided: - (Continued)

Employees' Retirement System (ERS)

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). This is a costsharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. The New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL) govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php.

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0% to 3.5% of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law.

The District is required to contribute at a rate determined actuarially by the Systems. The District contributions made to the Systems were equal to 100% of the contributions required for each year. Required contributions for the current and two preceding years were:

	<u>NYTRS</u>	<u>NYSERS</u>
2019-2020	\$ 513,553	\$ 256,552
2018-2019	586,863	231,000
2017-2018	562,821	247,082

Since 1989, the NYSERS billings have been based on Chapter 62 of the Laws of 1989 of the State of New York. This legislation requires participating employers to make payments on a current basis, while amortizing existing unpaid amounts relating to the System's fiscal years ending March 31, 1988 and 1989 over a 17 year period, with an 8.75% interest factor added. Local governments were given the option to prepay this liability, which the District did not exercise.

ERS has provided additional disclosures through entities that elected to participate in Chapter 260, 57 and 105.

Additional pension information can be found in Note 1 M.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 9 – POST-EMPLOYMENT (HEALTH INSURANCE) BENEFITS

General Information About the OPEB Plan:

Plan Description

The District's defined benefit OPEB plan provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the District. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided

The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefit payments	138
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefit payments	0
Active employees	134
Total	272

Total OPEB Liability:

The District's total OPEB liability of \$66,958,739 was measured as of June 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.2%
Salary Increases	Varied by years of service and retirement system
Discount Rate	2.21%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	5.40% for 2019, decreasing to an ultimate
	rate of 3.84% by 2075.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>NOTE 9 – POST-EMPLOYMENT (HEALTH INSURANCE) BENEFITS – (CONTINUED)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – (Continued)

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index.

Mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 Headcount-Weighted table (Teachers for TRS group and General Employees for ERS group) projected fully generationally using MP-2019.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability:

Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 52,392,976
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments	$1,577,125 \\ 1,861,022 \\ 0 \\ 104,542 \\ 12,938,662 \\ (1,915,588)$
Net changes	 14,565,763
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 66,958,739

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.51% in 2019 to 2.21% in 2020.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.21%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.21%) than the current discount rate:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	Discount Rate	<u>1% Increase</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 80,162,823	\$ 66,958,739	\$ 56,659,266

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (4.40% decreasing to 2.84%) or 1 percentage point higher (6.40% decreasing to 4.84%) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

TT 1/1

	1% Decrease (4.40% Decreasing <u>to 2.84%)</u>	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (5.40% Decreasing <u>to 3.84%)</u>	1% Increase (6.40% Decreasing <u>to 4.84%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 54,805,412	\$ 66,958,739	\$ 83,003,099

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>NOTE 9 – POST-EMPLOYMENT (HEALTH INSURANCE) BENEFITS – (CONTINUED)</u>

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized a negative OPEB expense of \$4,241,465. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u>	Deferred Inflows of <u>Resources</u>				
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other	\$ 1,285,082	\$ 0				
inputs	14,081,404	(1,260,802)				
Total	<u>\$ 15,366,486</u>	<u>\$ (1,260,802</u>)				

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u> :		
2021	\$	2,718,906
2022		2,718,906
2023		2,718,906
2024		2,875,672
2025		3,073,294
Thereafter		0
Total	<u>\$</u>	14,105,684

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters and other risks. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage.

Consortiums and Self Insured Plans

The District participates in Fulmont Health Trust, a nonrisk-retained public entity risk pool for its employee health and accident insurance coverage. The pool is operated for the benefit of individual governmental units located within the pool's geographic area and is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage for its members up to \$100,000 per insured event. The pool obtains independent coverage for insured events in excess of that limit and the District has essentially transferred all related risk to the pool.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (CONTINUED)

Consortiums and Self Insured Plans - (Continued)

The District participates in Fulmont Workers' Compensation Plan, a risk-sharing pool, to insure Workers' Compensation claims. This is a public entity risk pool created under Article 5 of the Workers' Compensation Law, to finance liability and risks related to workers' compensation claims. The District's share of the liability for unbilled and open claims is expected to be covered by existing assets of the Plan.

NOTE 11 – DONOR-RESTRICTED ENDOWMENTS

The District administers endowment funds, which are restricted by the donor for the purposes of scholarships.

The District authorizes expenditures from donor-restricted endowments in compliance with the wishes expressed by the donor, which varies among the unique endowments administered by the District.

NOTE 12 – CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

NOTE 13 - TAX ABATEMENTS

The District has no tax abatements as of the year ended June 30, 2020.

NOTE 14 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the issuance date of the financial statements. On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of coronavirus (COVID-19) a pandemic. As a result of the economic challenges and uncertainties caused by the pandemic, New York State began withholding 20% of most local aid payments in June 2020. The State is expected to continue to withhold payments through September 2020. Depending on the size and timing of federal aid provided to the State, if any, all, or a portion of the amounts withheld may be converted to permanent reductions. Other financial impacts could occur though such potential impact is unknown at this time.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Revenues	Final Budget Variance with Budgetary Actual Over (Under)
REVENUES:				
Local Sources				
Real property taxes	\$6,819,384	\$6,819,384	\$6,871,714	\$ 52,330
Real property tax items	1,135,929	1,135,929	1,068,212	(67,717)
Charges for services	68,000	68,000	61,889	(6,111)
Use of money and property	78,000	78,000	124,666	46,666
Sale of property and compensation for loss	0	0	82	82
Miscellaneous	214,000	214,000	432,612	218,612
Total Local Sources	8,315,313	8,315,313	8,559,175	243,862
State Sources	11,325,045	11,325,045	11,026,526	(298,519)
Federal Sources	125,000	125,000	90,754	(34,246)
Total Revenues	19,765,358	19,765,358	19,676,455	\$ (88,903)

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in independent auditors' report.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Expenditures	Year End Encumbrances	Final Budget Variance With Budgetary Actual and Encumbrances (Over) Under		
EXPENDITURES							
General Support							
Board of Education	21,000	26,720	26,534	\$ 0	\$ 186		
Central administration	234,250	221,344	210,117	0	11,227		
Finance	199,750	205,789	198,750	0	7,039		
Staff	76,750	76,724	72,432	0	4,292		
Central services	1,621,750	1,687,238	1,338,539	0	348,699		
Special items	333,750	333,750	325,731	0	8,019		
Instructional							
Instruction, administration and improvements	499.250	531.061	458,142	0	72.919		
Teaching – regular school	4,716,000	4,704,061	4,406,438	0	297,623		
Programs for children with handicapping	.,,	.,	.,,				
conditions	2,431,000	2,345,141	2,060,209	0	284,932		
Occupational education	414,000	324,990	324,990	0	0		
Teaching - special school	5,500	5,500	0	0	5,500		
Instructional media	218,250	293,239	263,914	0	29,325		
Pupil services	694,000	719,580	647,638	0	71,942		
Pupil Transportation	871,500	1,056,840	803,292	0	253,548		
Employee Benefits	5,987,000	6,048,915	5,389,614	0	659,301		
Debt Service	2,241,000	2,241,000	2,003,773	0	237,227		
Total Expenditures	20,564,750	20,821,892	18,530,113	0	2,291,779		
Other Financing Uses Transfers to other funds	130,000	141,906	26,906	0	115,000		
	150,000	141,900	20,700	0	115,000		
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	20,694,750	20,963,798	18,557,019	\$ 0	\$ 2,406,779		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(929,392)	(1,198,440)	1,119,436				
FUND BALANCE – BEGINNING	5,726,660	5,726,660	5,726,660				
FUND BALANCE – ENDING	\$ 4,797,268	\$ 4,528,220	\$ 6,846,096				

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020, 2019 AND 2018

Measurement Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest Change of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments			
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB Liability - beginning Total OPEB Liability - ending	14,565,763 52,392,976 \$ 66,958,739	7,061,266 45,331,710 \$ 52,392,976	(1,147,854) 46,479,564 \$ 45,331,710
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,791,509	\$ 6,567,335	\$ 7,156,455
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	859.38%	797.78%	633.44%
Plan's fiduciary net position	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 66,958,739	\$ 52,392,976	\$ 45,331,710

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016 AND 2015

NYS Teachers' Retirement System

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	_	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.033103%	0.034796%	0.035202%	0.035572%	0.033898%		0.034216%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (860,014)	\$ (629,200)	\$ (267,571)	\$ 380,994	\$ (3,520,874)	\$	(3,811,461)
District's covered-employee payroll	5,796,309	5,526,017	5,822,310	5,693,447	5,610,272		4,687,467
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	14.84%	11.39%	4.60%	6.69%	62.76%		81.31%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	102.20%	101.53%	100.70%	99.00%	110.50%		111.48%

NYS Employees' Retirement System

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0053783%	0.0055644%	0.0058131%	0.0057559%	0.0058160%	0.0060950%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,424,213	\$ 394,253	\$ 187,614	\$ 540,835	\$ 933,476	205,903
District's covered-employee payroll	1,886,901	1,828,595	1,737,330	1,643,427	1,630,743	1,729,471
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	75.5%	21.6%	10.8%	32.9%	57.2%	11.9%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	86.4%	96.3%	98.2%	94.7%	90.7%	97.9%

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in independent auditors' report.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016 AND 2015

NYS Teachers' Retirement System

	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	513,553	\$	586,863	\$	570,586	\$	656,402	\$	743,922	\$ 821,452
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		513,553		586,863		570,586		656,402		743,922	 821,452
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	5,796,309	\$	5,526,017	\$	5,822,310	\$	5,693,447	\$	5,610,272	\$ 4,687,467
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		8.86%		10.62%		9.80%		11.53%		13.26%	17.52%

NYS Employees' Retirement System

	 2020	 2019	 2018	2017	 2016	 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 256,552	\$ 231,000	\$ 247,082	\$ 250,814	\$ 254,890	\$ 342,392
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 256,552	 231,000	 247,082	 250,814	 254,890	 342,392
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,886,901	\$ 1,828,595	\$ 1,737,330	\$ 1,643,427	\$ 1,630,743	\$ 1,729,471
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.60%	12.63%	14.22%	15.26%	15.63%	19.80%

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in independent auditors' report.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET – GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

ADOPTED BUDGET	\$ 20,694,750
ADDITIONS: Appropriated reserves Prior year encumbrances	 259,118 9,930
FINAL BUDGET	\$ 20,963,798

SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

2020-2021 voter-approved expenditure budget Maximum allowed (4% of 2020-2021 budget)	\$ 20,475,736 819,029
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law:	
Unrestricted fund balance:	
Assigned fund balance	503,054
Unassigned fund balance	983,297
Total unrestricted fund balance	 1,486,351
Less:	
Appropriated fund balance and encumbrances	 503,054
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law	\$ 983,297
Actual percentage	4.80%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL PROJECT FUND – PROJECT EXPENDITURES AND FINANCING SOURCES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>Project Title</u>	Original Appropriation	Revised Appropriation	Prior Year	Expenditures Current Year	Total	Unexpended Balance	Other Sources	Methods o State Aid	f Financing Proceeds of Obligations	Total	Fund Balance
Building the Future, Restoring the Past Smart Schools Bond Act	\$ 15,510,000 840,880	\$ 15,510,000 840,880	\$ 14,837,737 466,925	\$ 724,099 46,550	\$ 15,561,836 513,475	\$ (51,836) 327,405	\$ 3,169,459 0	\$	\$ 13,000,000 0	\$ 16,169,459 416,145	\$ 607,623 (97,330)
TOTALS	\$ 16,350,880	\$ 16,350,880	\$ 15,304,662	\$ 770,649	\$ 16,075,311	\$ 275,569	\$ 3,169,459	\$ 416,145	\$ 13,000,000	\$ 16,585,604	\$ 510,293

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

CAPITAL ASSETS, NET		\$ 36,511,940
DEDUCT: Short-term portion of bonds payable Long-term portion of bonds payable	1,040,000 12,370,000	
		 13,410,000
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS		\$ 23,101,940

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in independent auditors' report.

FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM INFORMATION (SINGLE AUDIT)

(UNIFORM GUIDANCE)

JUNE 30, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the President and the Other Members of the Board of Education of the Mayfield Central School District Mayfield, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mayfield Central School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 20, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Mayfield Central School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Mayfield Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Mayfield Central School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Mayfield Central School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

WEST & COMPANY CPAS PC

Gloversville, New York October 20, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the President and the Other Members of the Board of Education of the Mayfield Central School District Mayfield, New York

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Mayfield Central School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement*, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Mayfield Central School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Mayfield Central School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Mayfield Central School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulation* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Mayfield Central School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Mayfield Central School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Mayfield Central School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Mayfield Central School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Mayfield Central School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Mayfield Central School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

WEST & COMPANY CPANPC

Gloversville, New York October 20, 2020

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Passed Through NYS Education Department				
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	0021200970	\$ 546,522	
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	0021190970	18,167	
Title IV SSAE	84.424	0204200970	22,069	
Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367	0147200970	27,429	
Rural Education	84.358	0006200970	4,230	
Rural Education	84.358	0006190970	12,295	
Special Education Cluster				
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	0032200271	225,283	
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	0033200271	6,336	
Total Special Education Cluster			231,619	
Total U.S. Department of Education			862,331	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Passed Through NYS Education Department				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution)				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	23,748	
Cash Assistance			,	
School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	28,062	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	124,160	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			175,970	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			175,970	
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDED			\$ 1,038,301	

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of federal award programs administered by the District, which is described in Note 1 to the District's accompanying financial statements, using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Federal awards that are included in the schedule may be received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards that are passed through from other government agencies. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

Indirect costs may be included in the reported expenditures, to the extent that they are included in the federal financial reports used as the source for the data presented. Certain of the District's federal award programs have been charged with indirect costs, based upon an established rate applied to overall expenditures. There is no other indirect cost allocation plan in effect.

Matching costs (the District's share of certain program costs) are not included in the reported expenditures.

The basis of accounting varies by federal program consistent with the underlying regulations pertaining to each program.

The amounts reported as federal expenditures were obtained from the federal financial reports for the applicable program and periods. The amounts reported in these reports are prepared from records maintained for each program, which are reconciled with the District's financial reporting system.

NOTE 2 – FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2020, the District had food commodities totaling \$14,703 in inventory.

NOTE 3 – INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

<u>NOTE 4</u> – <u>CLUSTERS</u>

The special education cluster consists of Special Education – Grants to States and Special Education – Preschool Grants.

The child nutrition cluster consists of food distribution, School Breakfast Program, and National School Lunch Program.

<u>NOTE 5</u> – <u>SUBRECIPIENTS</u>

No amounts were provided to subrecipients.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements

- 1. Type of auditors' report issued: unmodified
- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:
 - a. Material weakness(es) identified? <u>Yes X</u>No
 - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? ____Yes _X_ No
- 3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? <u>Yes X</u> No

Federal Awards

- 1. Internal control over major programs:
 - a. Material weakness(es) identified? <u>Yes X</u> No
 - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? ____Yes _X_ No
- 2. Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: unmodified
- 3. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516? <u>Yes X</u> No
- 4. Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number

Name of Federal Program

84.027	Special Education - Grants to States
84.173	Special Education - Preschool Grants

- 5. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and B programs: \$750,000.
- 6. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? X Yes No

B. FINDINGS – BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None.

MAYFIELD CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the President and the Other Members of the Board of Education of the Mayfield Central School District Mayfield, New York

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities arising from cash transactions of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of Mayfield Central School District as of June 30, 2020, and the related statement of revenues collected and expenses paid for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

Insufficient accounting controls are exercised over cash receipts at the point of collections to the time of submission to the Central Treasurer. Accordingly, it was impracticable to extend our audit of such receipts beyond the amounts recorded.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balances of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the Mayfield Central School District as of June 30, 2020, and the revenues collected and expenses paid for the year then ended, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

WEST & COMPANY CPALPC

Gloversville, New York October 20, 2020

EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS Cash	\$ 46,003
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 46,003
LIABILITIES AND CLUB BALANCES	
Liabilities Club balances	\$ 1,261 44,742
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND CLUB BALANCES	\$ 46,003

EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED AND EXPENSES PAID

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Balance July 1, 2019 Receipts		eceipts	Disbursements		Balance June 30, 2020	
Class of 2019	\$	1,320	\$	4,542	\$	5,862	\$	0
Class of 2020		4,914		3,348		8,262		0
Class of 2021		3,061		1,825		0		4,886
Class of 2022		4,368		1,463		670		5,161
Class of 2023		5,750		2,070		1,261		6,559
Class of 2024		0		6,276		4,906		1,370
Class of 2025		0		4,917		3,673		1,244
Yearbook Club		2,874		3,315		1,636		4,553
Student Council		1,225		232		824		633
National Honor Society		284		535		322		497
Band Club		1,321		2,260		1,212		2,369
Drama Club		15,277		6,185		11,145		10,317
Outdoor Club		132		0		0		132
Key Club		2,866		1,790		2,773		1,883
Builder's Club		48		63		0		111
Yearbook Club - 6th Grade		4,234		2,723		3,585		3,372
Just Run Club - 6th grade		39		200		0		239
Brainstorm		671		373		0		1,044
Mural Club		0		218		0		218
Paw Perfection		0		309		309		0
Sales Tax		1,720		638		1,097		1,261
Interest		90		64		0		154
TOTALS	\$	50,194	\$	43,346	\$	47,537	\$	46,003

EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the Mayfield Central School District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. However, since the Board of Education does exercise general oversight, these funds and their corresponding cash accounts are reflected in the Fiduciary Agency Fund of the basic financial statements of the District.

The books and records of the Mayfield Central School District's Extraclassroom Activity Funds are maintained on the cash basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures are recognized when cash is disbursed.

NOTE 2 - MANAGEMENT LETTER

Management letter items associated with the Extraclassroom Activity Funds are included in the management letter associated with the District's basic financial statements.



October 20, 2020

To the President and the Other Members of the Board of Education of the Mayfield Central School District Mayfield, New York

> Re: Management Letter June 30, 2020

Dear Board Members:

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of the Mayfield Central School District for the year ended June 30, 2020, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the District's internal control as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements, but not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

However, during our audit we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and improving operating efficiency. This letter summarizes our comments and recommendations regarding those matters. We previously reported on the District's internal control in our report October 20, 2020. This letter does not affect our report dated October 20, 2020, on the financial statements of Mayfield Central School District.

Our comments and recommendations for the year ended June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Prior-Year Conditions

1) Cash Reconciliations

Prior Condition: We noted that bank reconciliations had old outstanding checks on them.

Status: This condition has greatly improved, only a couple of old checks remain outstanding as of June 30, 2020.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The outstanding check lists need to be reviewed periodically. Older items need to be investigated and removed in a timely manner.

2) General Fund Budget

Prior Condition: Although not overspent in total we noted 1 of the 17 budget groupings had deficits.

Status: This condition was corrected as of June 30, 2020.

3) Disbursement Testing

<u>Prior Condition</u>: During our testing of disbursements we noted that one disbursement was not approved by the claims auditor and two disbursements lacked proof items were received.

Status: This condition was corrected as of June 30, 2020.

Current-Year Conditions

1) Unassigned General Fund Balance

<u>Condition</u>: The District's unassigned General Fund Balance at June 30, 2020, was in excess of the New York State Real Property Tax Law limit, which restricts this balance to an amount not greater than 4% of the District's appropriation budget for the upcoming year.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the Board review and modify its plan to reduce the District's unassigned General Fund balance to the statutory limit.

* * * * * * * * * * *

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and recommendations with various District personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

We appreciate the courtesies, assistance and cooperation extended to us by the Business Office during our audit. Please feel free to contact us regarding our comments and recommendations, or any other matters that may come to your attention, at your convenience.

Very truly yours,

WEST & COMPANY CPALPC

WEST & COMPANY CPAs PC